

Installation and Assembly

### I-707-IJ Transition for Grooved IPS Steel to Grooved JIS Steel, Pipe, Valves and Fittings

### PIPE PREPARATION

Victaulic Style 707-IJ Transition couplings are designed to connect Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) steel pipe to IPS steel pipe of the same nominal outside diameter. Style 707-IJ coupling must be assembled with the assembly lugs on opposite ends of the housing. ALWAYS LUBRICATE GASKET FOR PROPER COUPLING ASSEMBLY. PIPE MUST ALWAYS BE PRE-PARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH VICTAULIC SPECIFICATIONS.

### PERFORMANCE DATA

Pi	pe – millimeters/ind	hes	Maximum	Angular Movement		
Nom.inal	IPS	JIS O.D.	Work. Press.	Degrees	Pipe	
Size	O.D.	+1.6 mm/–0.8 mm	PSI/kPa	Per Cplg.	mm/m – In./Ft.	
200A	219.1	216.3	2500	1.70	29.17	
8	8.625	8.515	363		0.35	
250A	273.1	267.4	2500	1.30	22.50	
10	10.750	10.528	363		0.27	
300A	323.9	318.5	2500	1.10	19.17	
12	12.750	12.539	363		0.23	

### JAPANESE INDUSTRIAL STANDARD PIPE

### **Standard Roll Groove Specifications**

1	2			3	4	5		6	7	8
Nom. Size	Pipe Outside Diameter O.D. – mm/inches		Gasket Seat	Groove Width	Groove Dia. C			Min. Allow.	Max.	
JIS mm inches	Basic	Toler	rance	A ±0.76 ±0.03	B ±0.76 ±0.03	Basic	Tol. +0.00 +0.000	Groove Depth (ref.)	Wall Thick. T	Allow. Flare Dia.
200A	216.3	+1.60	-0.79	19.05	0.469	211.6	-0.64	2.34	5.10	220.7
8	8.625	+0.063	-0.031	0.750	11.91	8.331	-0.025	0.092	0.201	8.69
250A	267.4	+1.60	-0.79	19.05	0.469	262.6	-0.69	2.39	5.80	271.8
10	10.750	+0.063	-0.031	0.750	11.91	10.340	-0.027	0.094	0.228	10.70
300A	318.5	+1.60	-0.79	19.05	0.469	312.9	-0.76	2.77	6.00	322.8
12	12.750	+0.063	-0.031	0.750	11.91	12.321	-0.030	0.109	0.236	12.71

† On roll grooved pipe, Allowable Pipe End Separation and Deflection from Centerline will be one-half values listed for cut grooved pipe. See column notes below

### **Standard Cut Groove Specifications**

1	2			3	4	5		6	7
Nom. Pipe Outside Diameter		Gasket	Gasket Groove		Groove Dia. C		Min.		
Size O.D. – mm/inches		Seat	Seat Width				Allow.		
JIS mm inches	Basic	Toler	ance	A ±0.76 ±0.03	B ±0.76 ±0.03	Basic	Tol. +0.00 +0.000	Groove Depth (ref.)	Wall Thick. T
200A	216.3	+1.60	-0.79	19.05	11.13	211.61	-0.64	2.34	6.05
8	8.625	+0.063	-0.031	0.750	0.438	8.331	-0.025	0.092	0.238
250A	267.4	+1.60	-0.79	19.05	12.70	262.64	-0.69	2.39	6.35
10	10.750	+0.063	-0.031	0.750	0.500	10.340	-0.027	0.094	0.250
300A	318.5	+1.60	-0.79	19.05	12.70	312.90	-0.76	2.77	7.09
12	12.750	+0.063	-0.031	0.750	0.500	12.321	-0.030	0.109	0.279

COLUMN 1 – Nomial JIS pipe size. COLUMN 2 – Metric (JIS) outside diameter. The outside diameter of roll grooved pipe shall not vary more than the tolerance listed. For (JIS) metric pipe, the maximum allowable tolerance from square cut ends is 1.52 mm for sizes 200 mm and above, measured from the true square line. COLUMN 3 – Gasket seat: the pipe surface shall be free from indentations, roll marks, and projections from the end of the pipe to the groove, to provide a leak-tight seal for the gasket. All loose paint, scale, dirt, chips, grease and rust must be removed. It continues to be Victaulic's first recommendation that pipe be square cut. When using beveled pipe contact Victaulic for details. Gasket seat 'A' is measured from the end of the pipe. IMPORTANT: roll grooving of beveled end pipe may result in unacceptable pipe end flare. See column 8. COLUMN 4 –Groove width: bottom of groove to be free of loose dirt, chips, rust and scale that may interfere with proper coupling assembly. Cor-ners at bottom of groove must be radiused. For (JIS) metric pipe, 1.3R mm for 200 mm and up.

COLUMN 5 – Groove outside diameter: the groove must be uniform depth for the entire pipe circumference. Groove must be maintained within the "C" diameter tolerance listed.

COLUMN 6 – Groove depth: for reference only. Groove must conform to the groove diameter \*C\* listed. COLUMN 7 –Minimum allowable wall thickness: this is the minimum wall thickness which may be roll or cut grooved. COLUMN 8 – (Roll groove only) Maximum allowable pipe end flare diameter. Measured at the most extreme pipe end diameter square cut or beveled

# Installation and Assembly

### ASSEMBLY



### 🕰 WA RNING

Always read and understand all installation instructions before attempting assembly of Victaulic piping products. Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury, property damage, joint leakage or joint separation.

## 🗚 WA RNING

Piping systems must always be depressurized and drained before attempting disassembly and removal of any Victaulic piping products. Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury, property damage, joint leakage or joint separation.



**1. CHECK PIPE ENDS:** Pipe ends must be free from gouges, projections, or roll marks on the exterior from the end to the groove, to assure a leak-tight seat for the gasket.



#### 2. CHECK GASKET, LUBRI-CATE AND ASSEMBLE:

Check gasket supplied to be certain it is suited for the intended service. Color code identifies gasket grade. Apply a thin coat of Victaulic Lubricant or silicone lubricant to gasket lips and outside of gasket. Exercise caution to prevent pick-up of foreign materials after lubrication.



**3. INSTALL GASKET:** Place the large (NPS side) opening over the larger pipe end (NPS side). Be sure that the gasket lips do not overhang the pipe end.



**4. JOIN PIPE ENDS:** Align and bring the pipe ends together. Slide the gasket into position and center the gasket between the grooves on both pipe ends. No portion of the gasket may extend into the groove on either pipe. Check to be sure the JIS side of the gasket is on the JIS pipe and the NPS side is on the NPS pipe.

# **A**CAUTION

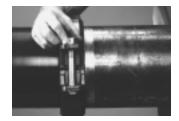
Style 707- IJ flexible transition couplings must have nuts tightened until bolt pads meet firmly metal-to-metal. Housings must be aligned and assembly lugs positioned on opposite sides with gasket properly positioned as detailed in Step 5. Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury, property damage, joint leakage or joint separation.



**5. APPLY HOUSING:** Position the coupling halves over the gasket, being sure the housing keys engage the groove on each pipe. Make sure that the coupling and gasket side marked JIS is on the JIS pipe and the side marked NPS is on the NPS steel pipe. Lubrication on the gasket exterior and the interior of the housing is essential to prevent gasket pinching.



Victaulic Transition coupling housings are designed with assembly lugs to aid proper positioning of NPS to NPS and JIS to JIS sides of the housing. These lugs must be on opposite sides and housings properly aligned for proper assembly.



**6. INSERT BOLTS:** Insert the bolts and start the nuts. Bolts may be inserted from either side to allow convenient tightening of the nuts. Bolts are track head, engaging the housings to permit tightening from one side.



**7. TIGHTEN NUTS:** Tighten nuts alternately and equally until housing bolt pads are firmly together metal-to-metal.